to the hospital and that the medicine required for the patients is not available, and advise the parties to get them from Madras or Bombay. They do not also treat the patients properly. Poor people who are not in a position to buy the medicine are put to a great deal of trouble. It is requested that the statistics of the last 10 years may be kindly examined and a sufficient quantity of medicine be ordered to be supplied to the Hospitals.

Reply of Government.—*Vide* Subject No. 124.

EDUCATION.

Subject No. 126.

Educational onference.

Messrs. M. Venkatakrishnaiya, Annaiya Pandit and Ramanuj Iyengar.

Summary of discussion.—It is requested that arrangements may be made to hold an annual Educational Conference in Mysore. Such a Conference is held at Madras, at which leading Educational officers are present and the Director of Public Instruction presides. A similar Conference presided over by the Inspector General of Education may be held in Mysore also.

Reply of Government.—Government view the proposal with favour, and will give instructions to the Inspector General of Education to hold a Conference at the end of the year.

Subject No. 127.

Rules governing the English Education.

Messrs. M. Venkatakrishnaiya, M. C. Ranga Iyengar, Madappa and Anantarajaiya of the Mysore City Municipality.

Summary of discussion.—It is requested that the rules governing the English Education in the Province may be similar to those in the Madras Presidency as the students of the former are being prepared for examinations of the latter University.

Messrs. Amble Annaiya Pandit and Gubbi Ramanuja Iyengar.—" By requiring the teaching of English in schools to be deferred till a certain standard of knowledge of Kannada is attained, the total course of study is prolonged and is calculated to interfere with acquiring a good knowledge of English which is a source of failure to several candidates in the University Examinations. Statistics may be called for, which will bear the above assertion out. The Resolution of Government of India merely requires a certain elementary knowledge of the Vernacular to be gained. It does not mean that instruction should be given in the Vernacular entirely. It is not intended that the subject on which text books are written in English should be taught in Kannada. The practice existing here is not the same as in British India. History and other subjects are not taught there through the medium of the Vernaculars. Such a course in Mysore makes several students prefer the Madras and Coorg Lower Secondary Examinations. It is desirable that those who have a high school course in view should be given English text-books for study."

Mr. Amble Annaiya Pandit also spoke in support of the proposition.

Reply of Government.—A Committee will soon be organized to consider this question, about which there is so much difference of opinion, and submit their opinion to Government. This was decided upon last year, but for want of time final action was not taken.